

Field Data Report

Lake Ontario Tributaries

2002 - 2004

Participating Personnel:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Richard Coleates, Environmental Scientist
Stephen Hale, Environmental Protection
Specialist

Report Prepared by:

Signature 3/29/06

Richard Coleates, Environmental Scientist Monitoring Operations Section

Approved for the Director by:

Signature 3/30/06

John S. Kushwara, Chief

Monitoring and Assessment Branch

Contents

| Background | 1 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Monitoring Locations | 1 |
| Sampling Procedures | 2 |
| Analytical Methods | 4 |
| Findings | 4 |
| Flow Mercury PCBs Pesticides Dioxins/furans Conclusions | 10 11 12 14 15 |
| Appendices | |
| Maps of Sampling Locations | A |
| Target PCB Congeners | В |
| Bar Charts of Results for Each Tributary | С |
| PCB Homolog Group Totals for Each Tributary | D |

Background

The Lakewide Management Plan (LaMP) for Lake Ontario has identified six critical pollutants which contribute to lakewide beneficial use impairments due to their toxicity, persistence in the environment, and/or their ability to bioaccumulate. The six critical pollutants are polychlorinated byphenyls (PCBs), mercury, DDT, dieldrin, mirex, and dioxins. Approximately 80% of the freshwater flow to Lake Ontario is from the Niagara River. A long term monitoring program conducted by Environment Canada, as a component of the Niagara River Toxics Management Plan, has provided good estimates of the loadings of critical pollutants from the Niagara River and the upstream Great Lakes. However, definitive current information regarding loadings of critical pollutants from other US tributaries to Lake Ontario had been lacking. In 2002, the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) initiated a program to regularly monitor major U.S. tributaries for these critical pollutants. This report presents results for 2002 through 2004.

Monitoring Locations

Beginning in April 2002, ambient water samples were collected two to three times annually from stations located in the downstream portions of each of the following tributaries to Lake Ontario:

- Black River
- Salmon River
- Oswego River
- Genesee River
- Eighteen Mile Creek

The first four tributaries were selected because they are the largest American tributaries to Lake Ontario (excluding the Niagara River). These four tributaries also have US Geological Survey (USGS) gage stations, which provide measurements of flow at the time of sampling, allowing a calculation of loadings. Eighteen Mile Creek, which has no gage station, was selected for monitoring because of its history as a source of PCBs. Figure 1, on the following page, shows the location of each of these streams.

At each tributary, sampling locations were selected to be as far as possible downstream, while also being far enough upstream of the convergence with Lake Ontario to avoid the influence of the Lake, itself. Practical considerations of access for boat launching and safety also influenced site selection. Sampling locations were initially recorded with global positioning system (GPS) equipment. The GPS equipment was used to return to the same sampling locations for subsequent sampling events. There was only one exception to this normal routine. In April 2002, flows in the Black River were exceptionally high, and samples were taken at a location close to the confluence of the Black River and Black River Bay. For later sampling events, the Black River samples were collected further upstream. Appendix A includes detailed maps showing the location of the sampling point and the associated USGS gage station for each tributary.

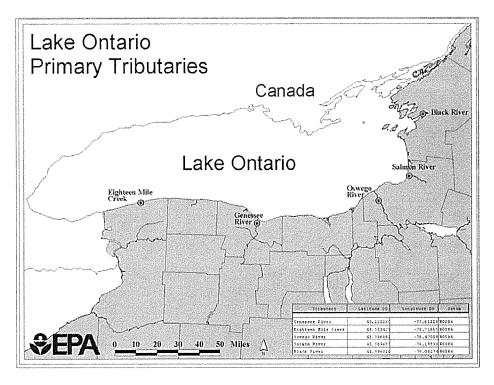


Figure 1 - Tributaries Monitored 2002 through 2004

Sampling Procedures

Each tributary was sampled two to three times annually. Monitoring dates were varied in order to capture a variety of seasonal conditions. Samples were collected over the following dates:

| April 16-18, 2002 | May 6-7, 2003 | May 11-12, 2004 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| September 17-18, 2002 | July 9-10, 2003 | September 28-29, 2004 |
| - | October 7-8, 2003 | |

Each time, samples were collected and analyzed for pH, temperature, total suspended solids (TSS), total mercury, PCBs, dieldrin, mirex, DDT, DDD, and DDE. In 2002 and 2003, samples were also analyzed for dioxins and furans.

At all sampling locations, samples were collected from a small boat anchored at mid-channel. A sonar depth finder was used to locate the deepest part of the stream crossection and to record depth. As discussed previously, GPS equipment was used to navigate to the sampling location.

A YSI Model 63 meter was used to measure pH and temperature onsite. In 2003, specific conductivity was added to the parameters measured onsite. The meter's probe was lowered to one half meter below the surface at the sample point, and readings were recorded after they had stabilized.

All samples for laboratory analysis were collected as direct grab samples. For the collection of mercury samples, a two person "clean hands/dirty hands" sampling team was required. This procedure is based upon EPA Method 1669: Sampling Ambient Water for Trace Metals at EPA Water Quality Criteria Levels. One person was designated as "clean hands" and performed all operations involving direct contact with the sample and containers. The other person was "dirty hands" and was responsible for all other activities not involving direct contact with the samples. To further minimize opportunity for sample contamination, the sampling team wore disposable tyvek lab coats, an inner pair of shoulder length polyethylene gloves, and an outer layer of powder free, non-colored latex gloves. The teflon lined sample containers for mercury samples were precleaned and supplied by the laboratory performing the analyses. At each sampling location, mercury samples were always collected first. The teflon sample container was removed from its protective plastic bags, opened and quickly plunged into the current with the open end of the container facing upstream. The container was then quickly capped and resealed in plastic bags. Mercury samples were chemically preserved upon receipt by the laboratory, in order to further reduce chances for field contamination.

After collection of the mercury sample was complete, direct grab samples were collected for the remaining parameters. The containers for the parameters other than mercury were new, single use, certified precleaned containers.

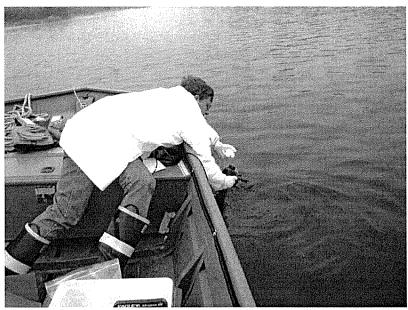


Figure 2 - Sample Collection Oswego River

For each sampling event, field blanks were also collected at one sample location. Sampling procedures have been designed so that the sample containers are the only equipment which comes into direct contact with the samples. The blanks were designed to detect any trace contamination due to sampling procedures, atmospheric contamination, or deficiencies in container cleaning.

Analytical Methods

Analytical methods and the laboratories performing the analyses are summarized in Table 1. Some analytical procedures remained constant throughout the study, while adjustments were made to others, in an effort to improve the usefulness of the data obtained.

Table 1 Analytical Methods and Laboratories

| Analyte | Method | Laboratory |
|----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| pН | EPA 150.1 | Field |
| Temperature | EPA 170.1 | Field |
| Total Mercury | EPA 1631B | Battelle Marine Sciences Lab |
| TSS | EPA 160.2 | EPA Region 2 |
| PCBs | EPA 1668 | EPA Region 2 |
| | | Paradigm Analytical Laboratory |
| DDT, DDD, DDE | EPA 8081B | EPA Region 2 |
| Dieldrin | EPA 8081B | EPA Region 2 |
| Mirex | EPA 8081B | EPA Region 2 |
| Dioxins/furans | EPA 1613 | EPA Region 7 |

During the period 2002 through 2003, the EPA laboratory targeted 105 PCB congeners for analysis. The congener list included the majority of those congeners associated with the original eight Aroclor mixtures, a majority of the congeners identified on the NOAA Mussel Watch List, and the 13 toxic congeners identified by the World Health Organization. The EPA's target congener list is included in Appendix B.

In 2004, the target list of PCB congeners was expanded to include all 209 congeners. The samples from May 2004 were analyzed by Paradigm Analytical Laboratory, and the September 2004 samples were analyzed by the EPA Region 2 Laboratory.

Findings

The spreadsheets on the following pages summarize data for all of the tributaries. Discussion follows the spreadsheets.

Table 2 Results for Eighteen Mile Creek

| EIGHTEEN MILE | CREEK Lat | itude 43.333872 | Longitude | -78.716304 | (NAD-83) | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---------------|------------|
| DATE>>> | | 4/16/2002 | 9/17/2002 | 5/6/2003 | 7/9/2003 | 10/7/2003 | 5/11/2004 | 9/28/2004 |
| Flow Estimated** | mgd | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
| 1 10 W Lottmated | cfs | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| pН | su | 7.67 | 7.67 | 8.09 | 7.58 | 8.05 | 8.21 | 8.16 |
| Temperature | °C | 15 | 20.4 | 12.9 | 25.1 | 11.9 | 14.7 | 17.2 |
| | _ | 9.0 | 1.1 | 6.7 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 6.0 | Lab Error |
| TSS | mg/L | 1,978 | 242 | 1,473 | 440 | 286 | 1,319 | Lab Elloi |
| DDD (? 1?) | kg/day | | | | | U (5.3) | U (5.2) | U (5.3) |
| DDD (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | 0 (3.3) | 0 (3.2) | 0 (3.3) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | 11 (5.5) | VV (5.0) | 71 (5.5) | 11 (5.5) | 11 (5.2) | 71 (5.2) | 11 (5.2) |
| DDE (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | U (5.3) | U (5.2) | U (5.3) |
| | g/day | | | | | - | | |
| | kg/year | VY /2 2\ | 11 (5.0) | 11. (5.5) | 11 (5.5) | 11 (5.5) | TT (5.5) | 11 (5.2) |
| DDT (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | U (5.3) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Total DDT | ng/L | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.5) | U (5.5) | U (5.3) | U (5.2) | U (5.3) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Mirex | ng/L | U (2.7) | U (3.0) | U (2.7) | U (2.7) | U 2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Total Mercury | ng/L | 12.4 | 0.863 | 4.53 | 1.43 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 1.35 |
| | g/day | 2.73 | 0.19 | 1.00 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 1.01 | 0.30 |
| | kg/year | 0.99 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.37 | 0.11 |
| Total PCBs | pg/L | 35,704 | 32,480 | 29,612 | 38,652 | 21,531 | 51,325 | 39,525 |
| | g/day | 7.85 | 7.14 | 6.51 | 8.50 | 4.73 | 11.28 | 8.69 |
| | kg/year | 2.86 | 2.61 | 2.38 | 3.10 | 1.73 | 4.12 | 3.17 |
| Dioxins TEQ | pg/L | U | 13.9 | 0.016 | U | U | NA | NA |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Mercury Field Blank | ng/L | 0.259 | 0.225 | 0.304 | 0.266 | 0.359 | 0.543 | 0.275 |
| | QUALI | FIERS: U - A | nalyte not det | ected. Report | ing limit is give | en in parenthes | es. | |
| | | ** - T flow o | ie less than thr here is no peri | ee times blanl manent gaging d to calculate | concentration station on Eig approximate lo | ion is indisting) hteen Mile Cre padings. If bett | ek. An approx | imate base |
| | | 4 | Not analyzed to | | | | | |

Table 3
Results for Genesee River

| GENESEE RIVER | Latitu | ide 43.222230 | Longitude | -77.615284 | (NAD-83) | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| DATE>>> | | 4/16/2002 | 9/17/2002 | 5/6/2003 | 7/9/2003 | 10/7/2003 | 5/11/2004 | 9/28/2004 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Flow | mgd | 5,054 | 710 | 1,202 | 470 | 1,590 | 2,236 | 3,393 |
| | cfs | 7,820 | 1,100 | 1,860 | 727 | 2,460 | 3,460 | 5,250 |
| pН | su | 8.29 | 7.9 | 8.21 | 8.23 | 8.25 | 8.17 | 8.16 |
| Temperature | °C | 9 | 22.3 | 13.4 | 26.1 | 10 | 15.1 | 17.2 |
| TSS | mg/L | 200 | 8.5 | 28 | 11 | 32 | 27 | Lab Error |
| | kg/day | 3,830,932 | 22,873 | 127,556 | 19,594 | 192,835 | 228,810 | |
| DDD (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.1) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDE (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5,2) | U (5.2) | U (5.1) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDT (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.1) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Total DDT | ng/L | U | U | Ü | U | U | U | U |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ng/L | U (5.5) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.1) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Mirex | ng/L | U (2.7) | U (3.0) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.8) | U (2.6) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Total Mercury | ng/L | 10.9 | 1.13 | 2.26 | 1.83 | 1.97 | 2.53 | 4.23 |
| | g/day | 208.79 | 3.04 | 10.30 | 3.26 | 11.87 | 21.44 | 54.40 |
| | kg/year | 76.21 | 1.11 | 3.76 | 1.19 | 4.33 | 7.83 | 19.85 |
| Total PCBs | pg/L | 157 | 414 | U | 15 | 256 | 22 | 149 |
| | g/day | 3.01 | 1.11 | - | 0.03 | 1.54 | 0.19 | 1.92 |
| | kg/year | 1.10 | 0.41 | | 0.01 | 0.56 | 0.07 | 0.70 |
| Dioxins TEQ | pg/L | 0.041 | U | U | U | U | NA | NA |
| | g/day | 0.000785 | | | | | | |
| Mercury Field Blank | ng/L | 0.259 | 0.225 | 0.304 | 0.266 | 0.359 | 0.543 | 0.275 |
| | QUALI | FIERS: II | - Analyte not | detected Ren | oorting limit is | given in parent | heses. | |
| PHILIPPIN TO THE PHILIPPIN THE PH | QOALI | QI bl: N. | B- Data should ank. (ie less th A - Not analyz | I not be used be an three times and for this par | ecause concent | tration is indistration) | | om field |

Table 4 Results for Oswego River

| OSWEGO RIVER | La | atitude 43.3968 | 81 Longitude | -76.470595 | (NAD-83) | | | |
|------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------|--------------|
| DATE>>> | | 4/17/2002 | 9/18/2002 | 5/7/2003 | 7/10/2003 | 10/8/2003 | 5/12/2004 | 9/29/2004 |
| ,,, | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Flow | mgd | 9,223 | 931 | 3,488 | 1,422 | 2,120 | 6,883 | 4,531 |
| | cfs | 14,270 | 1,440 | 5,397 | 2,200 | 3,280 | 10,650 | 7,011 |
| pН | Su | 8.06 | 7.85 | 7.85 | 7.67 | 8.07 | 8.01 | 7.92 |
| Temperature | °C | 13 | 21.7 | 13.5 | 25.6 | 13.2 | 15.1 | 19.7 |
| TSS | mg/L | 9.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | Lab Error |
| | kg/day | 314,597 | 9,174 | 29,083 | 16,168 | 11,249 | 26,087 | |
| DDD (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDE (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDT (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Total DDT | ng/L | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Mirex | ng/L | U (2.7) | U (3.0) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Total Mercury | ng/L | 3.31 | 1.24 | 1.59 | 1.25 | QB (<0.968) | 2.2 | 1.3 |
| | g/day | 115.70 | 4.38 | 21.02 | 6.74 | | 57.39 | 22.32 |
| | kg/year | 42.23 | 1.60 | 7.67 | 2.46 | | 20.95 | 8.15 |
| Total PCBs | pg/L | 166 | 366 | U | 17 | 203 | 193 | 540 |
| | g/day | 5.80 | 1.29 | | 0.09 | 1.63 | 5.06 | 9.34 |
| | kg/year | 2.12 | 0.47 | | 0.03 | 0.60 | 1.85 | 3.41 |
| Dioxins TEQ | pg/L | U | U | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Mercury Field Blank | ng/L | 0.259 | 0.225 | 0.304 | 0.266 | 0.359 | 0.543 | 0.275 |
| | QUAL | LIFIERS: U | U - Analyte not | detected. Ren | oorting limit is | given in parent | heses. | |
| | | C | QB- Data should plank. (ie less th | d not be used b an three times | ecause concen blank concent | tration is indist | | om field |
| | | 1 | NA - Not analyz | | | | | |
| | | 1 | Total DDT - The | | | Γ. | | |

Table 5 Results for Salmon River

| SALMON RIVER | L | atitude 43.56965 | 3 Longitude | -76.185301 | (NAD-83) | | | |
|------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|-----------|
| DATE>>> | | 4/17/2002 | 9/18/2002 | 5/7/2003 | 7/10/2003 | 10/8/2003 | 5/12/2004 | 9/29/2004 |
| Flow | mgd | 2,786 | 142 | 514 | 164 | 556 | 323 | 266 |
| | cfs | 4,310 | 219 | 796 | 254 | 860 | 500 | 412 |
| pН | su | 6.83 | 8.63 | 8.1 | 7.67 | 7.93 | 8.84 | 7.79 |
| Temperature | °C | 9 | 18.7 | 11.9 | 25.6 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| TSS | mg/L | 3.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | Lab Error |
| | kg/day | 31,677 | 592 | 1,753 | 1,243 | 4,425 | 2,448 | |
| DDD (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.2) | U (5.0) | U (5.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDE (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.2) | U (5.0) | U (5.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDT (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.2) | U (5.0) | U (5.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Total DDT | ng/L | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ng/L | U (5.2) | U (5.0) | U (5.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Mirex | ng/L | U (2.6) | U (3.0) | U (2.6) | U (2.8) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Total Mercury | ng/L | 2.85 | 0.915 | 2.18 | 1.68 | 1.92 | 2.22 | 1.74 |
| | g/day | 30.09 | 0.49 | 4.25 | 1.04 | 4.05 | 2.72 | 1.75 |
| | kg/year | 10.98 | 0.18 | 1.55 | 0.38 | 1.48 | 0.99 | 0.64 |
| Total PCBs | pg/L | 300 | 257 | U | 13 | 149 | U (19.8) | 473 |
| | g/day | 3.17 | 0.14 | | 0.01 | 0.31 | | 0.48 |
| | kg/year | 1.16 | 0.05 | | 0.00 | 0.11 | | 0.17 |
| Dioxins TEQ | pg/L | U | U | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Mercury Field Blank | ng/L | 0.259 | 0.225 | 0.304 | 0.266 | 0.359 | 0.543 | 0.275 |
| | QUAL | IFIERS: U | - Analyte not | detected. Rep | oorting limit is a | given in parent | heses. | |
| | | QI bla NA | ank. (ie less tha A - Not analyz | an three times ed for this para | ecause concentr blank concentr ameter. + DDE + DDT | ation) | inguishable fro | m field |

Table 6 Results for Black River

| BLACK RIVER | April 200 | 2 Latitude | 43.996010 | Longitude | -76.062742 | (NAD-83) | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| | All other dates | Latitude | 43.999690 | Longitude | -76.057851 | | | |
| DATE>>> | | 4/18/2002 | 9/18/2002 | 5/7/2003 | 7/10/2003 | 10/8/2003 | 5/12/2004 | 9/29/2004 |
| Flow | mgd | 12,603 | 944 | 3,199 | 814 | 4,880 | 2,294 | 1,247 |
| | cfs | 19,500 | 1,460 | 4,950 | 1,260 | 7,550 | 3,550 | 1,930 |
| рН | su | 7.45 | 7.76 | 7.86 | 7.97 | 7.57 | 7.79 | 7.54 |
| Temperature | °C | 15 | 21.3 | 13.3 | 24.8 | 9.9 | 16.1 | 18.4 |
| TSS | mg/L | 9.0 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 9.4 | 2.0 | Lab Error |
| | kg/day | 429,888 | 8,587 | 44,860 | 6,170 | 173,855 | 17,389 | |
| DDD (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (6.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| (1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/ | g/day | <u> </u> | ` ′ | | | | ` ′ | <u> </u> |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDE (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (6.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| 1 -4 / | g/day | · , | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| DDT (o,p' + p,p') | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (6.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| , | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Total DDT | ng/L | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ng/L | U (5.3) | U (5.0) | U (5.2) | U (5.2) | U (6.3) | U (5.5) | U (5.2) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| | kg/year | | | | | | | |
| Mirex | ng/L | U (2.6) | U (3.0) | U (2.6) | U (2.6) | U (3.1) | U (2.8) | U (2.6) |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Total Mercury | ng/L | 4.99 | 1.67 | 3.55 | 2.5 | 4.65 | 2.74 | 2.46 |
| | g/day | 238.35 | 5.97 | 43.04 | 7.71 | 86.00 | 23.82 | 11.63 |
| | kg/year | 87.00 | 2.18 | 15.71 | 2.82 | 31.39 | 8.70 | 4.24 |
| Total PCBs | pg/L | 1,849 | 760 | 425 | 1,174 | 417 | 1,309 | 19,486 |
| | g/day | 88.32 | 2.72 | 5.15 | 3.62 | 7.71 | 11.38 | 92.09 |
| | kg/year | 32.24 | 0.99 | 1.88 | 1.32 | 2.82 | 4.15 | 33.61 |
| Dioxins TEQ | pg/L | U | U | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | g/day | | | | | | | |
| Mercury Field Blank | ng/L | 0.259 | 0.225 | 0.304 | 0.266 | 0.359 | 0.543 | 0.275 |
| | QUALIFI | ERS: U | - Analyte not | detected. Ren | orting limit is | given in parent | heses. | |
| | QO'NENT I | Ql bl | B- Data should ank. (ie less the A - Not analyz | I not be used be an three times ed for this para | ecause concent blank concentr | tration is indist ation) | | om field |

Discussion

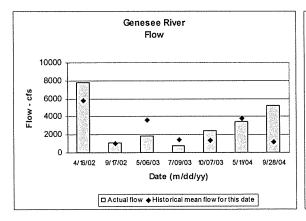
Regarding Blanks and Data Qualification:

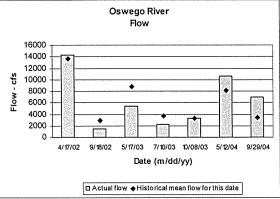
Data were reviewed and compared to quality assurance criteria contained in the laboratory SOPs for the applicable analytical methods.

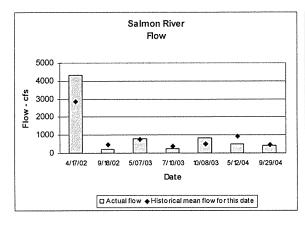
For each sampling event at least one field blank was collected by the field sampling team. The laboratory(ies) also ran laboratory method blanks with each batch of samples. Analytical data were compared with results for both field blanks and method blanks. If an analyte was detected in a sample at a concentration less than three times the concentration detected in either blank, the data was rejected, and the result was treated as a "non-detect." If the analyte was found to have a concentration more than three times the greatest concentration detected in any of the blanks, the data was used without adjustment. In other words, data were screened for blank influence, but data were not blank corrected. With PCBs and dioxin/furans, blank screenings were done for individual congeners.

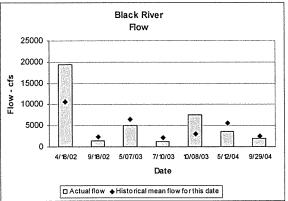
In calculating totals, such as total PCBs or total DDT, non-detects were treated as zeros.

The sampling events over the period captured a wide range of flow conditions. The bar charts which follow show actual flows encountered, as obtained from USGS gage stations, and the historical means for the same date. It should be noted that there is no gage station on Eighteen Mile Creek. In order to calculate a very rough estimate of loadings from Eighteen Mile Creek, a rough annual estimate of 90 cfs was used. The accuracy of this estimate is unknown.









Mercury

Over the three year period, the five tributaries had a combined average mercury loading of 144 grams per day (g/day). For individual tributaries, total mercury concentrations tended to follow stream flow conditions. Higher flow conditions in a tributary tended to correspond with higher total mercury concentrations.

Table 7
Mercury Results for all Tributaries

| Mercury Concentrations (ng/L) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 | |
| Eighteen Mi Cr | 12.4 | 0.86 | 4.53 | 1.43 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 1.35 | |
| Genesee R | 10.9 | 1.13 | 2.26 | 1.83 | 1.97 | 2.53 | 4.23 | |
| Oswego R | 3.31 | 1.24 | 1.59 | 1.25 | < 0.97 | 2.2 | 1.3 | |
| Salmon R | 2.85 | 0.92 | 2.18 | 1.68 | 1.92 | 2.22 | 1.74 | |
| Black R | 4.99 | 1.67 | 3.55 | 2.5 | 4.65 | 2.74 | 2.46 | |
| | Mercury Load (grams/day) | | | | | | | |
| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 | |
| Eighteen Mi Cr | 2.73 | 0.19 | 1.00 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 1.01 | 0.30 | |
| Genesee R | 208.79 | 3.04 | 10.30 | 3.26 | 11.87 | 21.44 | 54.40 | |
| Oswego R | 115.7 | 4.38 | 21.02 | 6.74 | | 57.39 | 22.32 | |
| Salmon R | 30.09 | 0.49 | 4.25 | 1.04 | 4.05 | 2.72 | 1.75 | |
| Black R | 238.35 | 5.97 | 43.04 | 7.71 | 86.00 | 23.82 | 11.63 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total Load | 595.7 | 14.1 | 79.6 | 19.1 | 102.2 | 106.4 | 90.4 | |
| (g/day) | | | | | | | | |

PCBs

Samples were analyzed for PCBs by EPA Method 1668, using a one liter sample size. In 2002 and 2003, the target list of congeners was 106 congeners out of 209. The target list did include the majority of those congeners associated with the eight Aroclor mixtures, a majority of the congeners identified on the NOAA Mussel Watch List, and the 13 toxic congeners defined by the World Health Organization. The samples from 2002 and 2003 were all analyzed by the EPA laboratory in Edison, NJ. In May 2004, PCB samples were analyzed by Paradigm Analytical Laboratory, and the congener target list included all 209 congeners. In September 2004, the EPA laboratory resumed PCB analyses, with the complete target list of 209 congeners. Lists of target congeners are provided in Appendix B.

In calculating total PCBs and the totals for various homolog groups, the concentrations of individual congeners (after screening for blank influence), were summed. Non detects and results rejected for excessive blank contamination were treated as zero.

Table 8
PCB Results for all Tributaries

| | | PCB (| Concentrati | ions (pg/L) | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 | |
| Eighteen Mi Cr | 35,704 | 32,480 | 29,612 | 38,652 | 21,531 | 51,325 | 39,525 | |
| Genesee R | 157 | 414 | U | 15 | 256 | 22 | 149 | |
| Oswego R | 166 | 366 | U | 17 | 203 | 194 | 544 | |
| Salmon R | 300 | 257 | U | 13 | 149 | U | 473 | |
| Black R | 1,849 | 760 | 425 | 1,174 | 417 | 1,309 | 19,486 | |
| | PCB Load (grams/day) | | | | | | | |
| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 | |
| Eighteen Mi Cr | 7.85 | 7.14 | 6.51 | 8.50 | 4.73 | 11.28 | 8.69 | |
| Genesee R | 3.01 | 1.11 | *** | 0.03 | 1.54 | 0.19 | 1.92 | |
| Oswego R | 5.80 | 1.29 | | 0.09 | 1.63 | 5.06 | 9.34 | |
| Salmon R | 3.17 | 0.14 | | 0.01 | 0.31 | | 0.48 | |
| Black R | 88.32 | 2.72 | 5.15 | 3.62 | 7.71 | 11.38 | 92.09 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total Load (g/day) | 108.2 | 12.4 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 15.9 | 27.9 | 112.5 | |

Over the three year period, the five tributaries had an average combined loading of 43 g/day. Eighteen Mile Creek always had PCB concentrations considerably higher than any other tributary. Loadings from Eighteen Mile Creek are very rough estimates because there is no gage station on this tributary. While all tributaries have fish consumption advisories due to PCBs, the advisory for Eighteen Mile Creek is broader, advising the public to eat no fish of any species. Nevertheless, Eighteen Mile Creek is a very popular fishing stream, with well developed public fishing areas.



Figure 3 - Entrance to Public Fishing Trail at Eighteen Mile Creek



Figure 4 - Fishing trail at Eighteen Mile Creek

Further examination of Table 8 indicates that the highest PCB loadings were observed in April 2002 and September 2004. In April 2002, flows were exceptionally high, and this contributed to the higher calculated loadings. In September 2004, flows were not exceptionally high, but the PCB concentration detected in the Black River was more than ten times the highest concentration previously observed for that stream. Initially, we examined congener results to see if the expanded congener list could account for the higher total PCB concentrations. Congeners which were not previously targeted accounted for approximately one third, of the total 19,486 pg/L observed. Also, in May 2004, all 209 congeners had been targeted, and results were within the range that had previously been observed in the Black River. The EPA laboratory had an archived duplicate sample available from the Black River, September 2004 sampling event. Although the holding time had expired, the laboratory performed a new analysis on the duplicate sample. The reanalysis confirmed initial results. Consultations with NYSDEC failed to identify any unusual occurrences over that time period (i.e. dredging, reported spills), which might account for the increase in PCB concentration. An examination of Table 9, below, indicates that in September 2004, pentachlorinated biphenyls accounted for 38% of the total PCBs observed. This is a change from earlier results.

Table 9 PCB Homolog Groups Black River 2002 - 2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Di CB | 584 | 365 | 270 | 418 | 203 | 461 | 1,160 |
| Tri CB | 467 | 209 | 155 | 304 | 82 | 512 | 4,792 |
| Tetra CB | 469 | 119 | 0 | 452 | 0 | 337 | 5,254 |
| Penta CB | 231 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 7,482 |
| Hexa CB | 9 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 707 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| Octa CB | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nona CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 1,849 | 760 | 425 | 1,174 | 417 | 1,309 | 19,486 |

Note: All units are pg/L.

Appendix D includes tables summarizing homolog group totals for all tributaries. PCB data by congener is available on Excel spreadsheets. Copies of these files may be obtained by sending an email request to <u>coleates.richard@epa.gov</u>.

Pesticides

At each sampling event, samples were collected for analyses of DDT, DDD, DDE, dieldrin, and mirex. None of these pesticides was detected in any of the samples collected. Detection limits ranged from 2.6 to 5.3 nanograms per liter (ng/L). Alternative analytical methods with lower detection limits have been investigated, and will be utilized in the future as resources allow.

Dioxins/Furans

Samples from April and September 2002 were analyzed for dioxins/furans by the EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas. Dioxin congeners were detected in one sample from Eighteen Mile Creek, and one sample from the Genesee River. In 2003, only samples from Eighteen Mile Creek and the Genesee River were analyzed. In 2003, dioxin was detected in a single sample from Eighteen Mile Creek. In 2004, all analyses for dioxins/furans were discontinued. Table 10 summarizes results for those samples where dioxins were detected.

Table 10 Dioxin/Furan Results

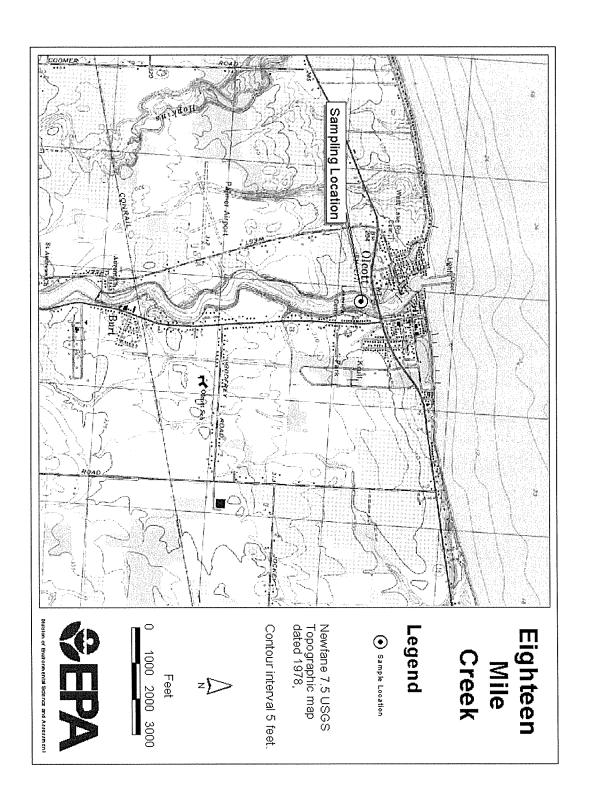
| | Eighteen Mile Creek | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Date | Congener | TEQ ¹ (pg/L) | | | | | | |
| Sept 02 | 2,3,7,8-TCDD | 13.9 | 13.9 | | | | | |
| May 03 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD | 162 | 0.016 | | | | | |
| | Genesee River | | | | | | | |
| April 02 | 1,2,3,4,,6,7,8,9-OCDD | 410 | 0.041 | | | | | |

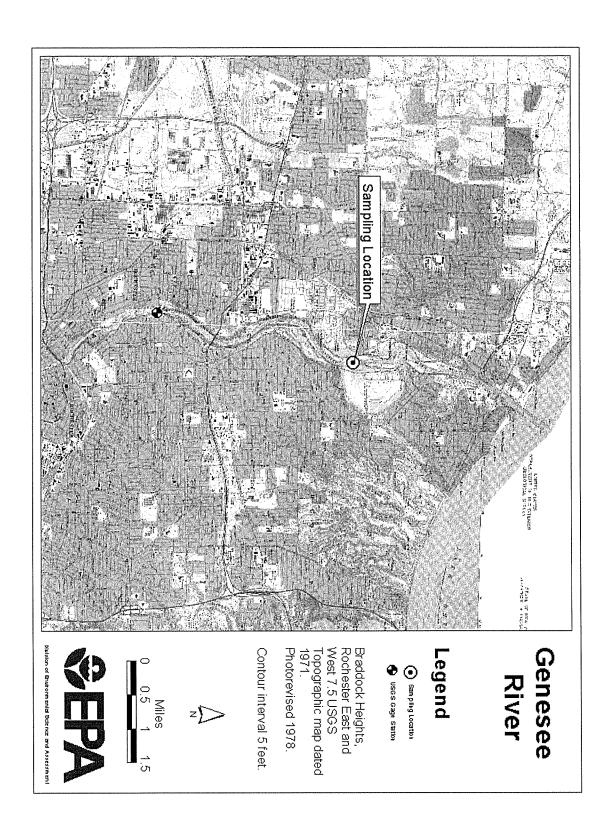
Note: 1 - Toxic equivalency factors from the World Health Organization are used to calculate 2,3,7,8-TCDD total equivalents (TEQ).

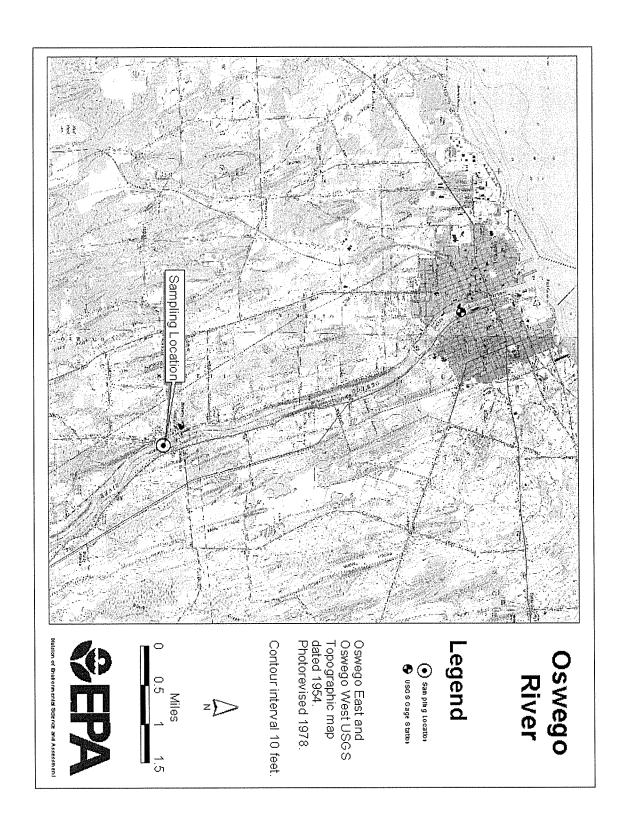
Conclusions

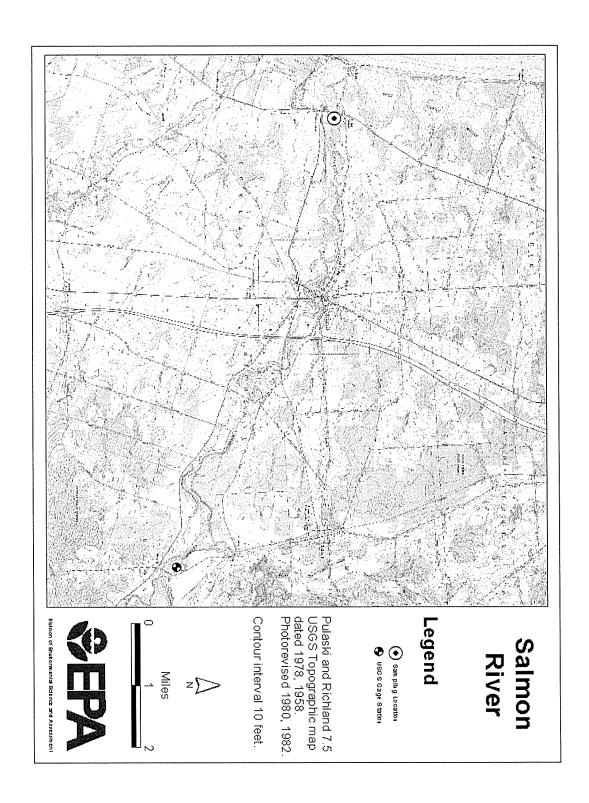
Results so far indicate measurable loadings of mercury and PCBs do enter Lake Ontario from these tributaries. PCBs are a significant pollutant in Eighteen Mile Creek, and to a lesser extent, the Black River. Mercury appears to be more evenly distributed, with no single tributary dominating. Mercury concentrations do seem to follow stream flow, possibly reflecting a route for atmospheric deposition through the influence of rainfall and spring runoff. We did not see a direct relationship between total suspended solids (TSS) concentrations, and pollutant concentrations. However, data so far is limited, and further analysis may lead to different conclusions.

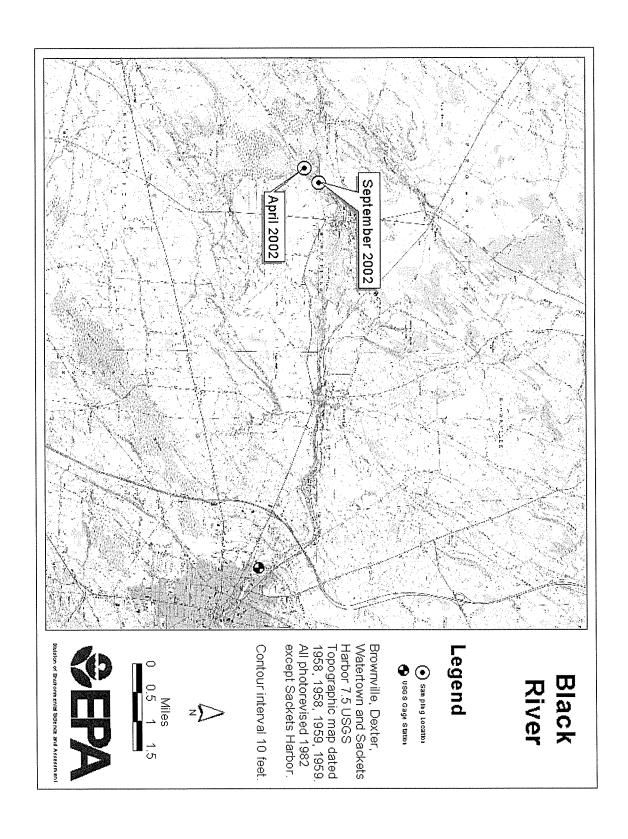
Data are still too limited to ascertain long term trends. However, bar graphs presenting results from each tributary are included in Appendix C.











| PCB Congener | BZ# | IUPAC# | EPA Lab Target Congeners 2002 - 2003 |
|-------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 2-Chlorobiphenyl | 1 | 1 | Χ |
| 3-Chlorobiphenyl | 2 | 2 | Χ |
| 4-Chlorobiphenyl | 3 | 3 | Χ |
| 2,2'-Dichlorobiphenyl | 4 | 4 | Χ |
| 2,3-Dichlorobiphenyl | 5 | 5 | |
| 2,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl | 6 | 6 | Χ |
| 2,4-Dichlorobiphenyl | 7 | 7 | |
| 2,4'Dichlorobiphenyl | 8 | 8 | X |
| 2,5-Dichlorobiphenyl | 9 | 9 | Χ |
| 2,6-Dichlorobiphenyl | 10 | 10 | Χ |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl | 11 | 11 | Χ |
| 3,4-Dichlorobiphenyl | 12 | 12 | |
| 3,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl | 13 | 13 | |
| 3,5-Dichlorobiphenyl | 14 | 14 | X |
| 4,4'-Dichlorbiphenyl | 15 | 15 | Χ |
| 2,2',3-Trichlorobiphenyl | 16 | 16 | |
| 2,2',4-Trichlorobiphenyl | 17 | 17 | |
| 2,2',5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 18 | 18 | |
| 2,2',6-Trichlorobiphenyl | 19 | 19 | X |
| 2,3,3'-Trichlorobiphenyl | 20 | 20 | |
| 2,3,4-Trichlorobiphenyl | 21 | 21 | |
| 2,3,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl | 22 | 22 | |
| 2,3,5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 23 | 23 | |
| 2,3,6-Trichlorobiphenyl | 24 | 24 | |
| 2,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl | 25 | 25 | |
| 2,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 26 | 26 | Х |
| 2,3',6-Trichlorobiphenyl | 27 | 27 | Χ |
| 2,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl | 28 | 28 | |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 29 | 29 | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorobiphenyl | 30 | 30 | X |
| 2,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 31 | 31 | X |
| 2,4',6-Trichlorobiphenyl | 32 | 32 | X |
| 2,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl | 33 | 33 | X |
| 2,3',5'-Trichlorobiphenyl | 34 | 34 | X |
| 3,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl | 35 | 35 | X |
| 3,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 36 | 36 | X |
| 3,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl | 37 | 37 | X |
| 3,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 38 | 38 | X |
| 3,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl | 39 | 39 | |
| 2,2',3,3'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 40 | 40 | |
| | | | |

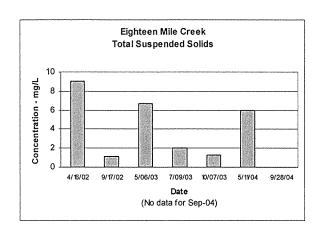
| | | | EDA L.I.T. |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------------------------------|
| PCB Congener | BZ# | IUPAC# | EPA Lab Target Congeners 2002 - 2003 |
| 2,2',3,4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 41 | 41 | X |
| 2,2',3,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 42 | 42 | |
| 2,2',3,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 43 | 43 | |
| 2,2',3,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 44 | 44 | |
| 2,2',3,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 45 | 45 | X |
| 2,2',3,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 46 | 46 | |
| 2,2',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 47 | 47 | |
| 2,2',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 48 | 48 | |
| 2,2',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 49 | 49 | X |
| 2,2',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 50 | 50 | X |
| 2,2',4,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 51 | 51 | |
| 2,2',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 52 | 52 | X |
| 2,2',5,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 53 | 53 | |
| 2,2',6,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 54 | 54 | X |
| 2,3,3',4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 55 | 55 | |
| 2,3,3',4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 56 | 56 | |
| 2,3,3',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 57 | 57 | X |
| 2,3,3',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 58 | 58 | |
| 2,3,3',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 59 | 59 | |
| 2,3,4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 60 | 60 | |
| 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 61 | 61 | |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 62 | 62 | |
| 2,3,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 63 | 63 | X |
| 2,3,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 64 | 64 | |
| 2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 65 | 65 | |
| 2,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 66 | 66 | X |
| 2,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 67 | 67 | |
| 2,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 68 | 68 | |
| 2,3',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 69 | 69 | |
| 2,3',4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 70 | 70 | |
| 2,3',4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 71 | 71 | |
| 2,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 72 | 72 | X |
| 2,3',5',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 73 | 73 | |
| 2,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 74 | 74 | |
| 2,4,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 75 | 75 | X |
| 2,3',4',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 76 | 76 | |
| 3,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 77 | 77 | X |
| 3,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 78 | 78 | X |
| 3,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 79 | 79 | X |
| 3,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 80 | 80 | |

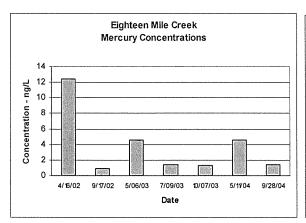
| PCB Congener | BZ# | IUPAC# | EPA Lab Target Congeners 2002 - 2003 |
|----------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 3,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl | 81 | 81 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',4-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 82 | 82 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 83 | 83 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 84 | 84 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 85 | 85 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 86 | 86 | |
| 2,2',3,4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 87 | 87 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 88 | 88 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,4,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 89 | 89 | X |
| 2,2',3,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 90 | 90 | |
| 2,2',3,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 91 | 91 | |
| 2,2',3,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 92 | 92 | X |
| 2,2',3,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 93 | 93 | |
| 2,2',3,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 94 | 94 | |
| 2,2',3,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 95 | 95 | X |
| 2,2',3,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 96 | 96 | X |
| 2,2',3,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 97 | 97 | |
| 2,2',3,4',6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 98 | 98 | |
| 2,2',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 99 | 99 | |
| 2,2',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 100 | 100 | |
| 2,2',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 101 | 101 | |
| 2,2',4,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 102 | 102 | |
| 2,2',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 103 | 103 | X |
| 2,2',4,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 104 | 104 | Χ |
| 2,3,3',4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 105 | 105 | Χ |
| 2,3,3',4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 106 | 106 | X |
| 2,3,3',4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 107 | 107 | |
| 2,3,3',4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 108 | 108 | |
| 2,3,3',4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 109 | 109 | |
| 2,3,3',4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 110 | 110 | |
| 2,3,3',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 111 | 111 | |
| 2,3,3',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 112 | 112 | |
| 2,3,3',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 113 | 113 | X |
| 2,3,4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 114 | 114 | X |
| 2,3,4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 115 | 115 | |
| 2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 116 | 116 | |
| 2,3,4',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 117 | 117 | |
| 2,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 118 | 118 | X |
| 2,3',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 119 | 119 | X |
| 2,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 120 | 120 | X |

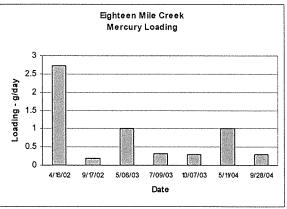
| PCB Congener | BZ# | IUPAC# | EPA Lab Target Congeners 2002 - 2003 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 2,3',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 121 | 121 | |
| 2,3,3',4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 122 | 122 | Χ |
| 2,3',4,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 123 | 123 | Χ |
| 2,3',4',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 124 | 124 | Χ |
| 2,3',4',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 125 | 125 | |
| 3,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 126 | 126 | Χ |
| 3,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl | 127 | 127 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 128 | 128 | |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 129 | 129 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 130 | 130 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 131 | 131 | |
| 2,2',3,3',4,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 132 | 132 | |
| 2,2',3,3',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 133 | 133 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 134 | 134 | |
| 2,2',3,3',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 135 | 135 | |
| 2,2',3,3',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 136 | 136 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 137 | 137 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 138 | 138 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 139 | 139 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 140 | 140 | |
| 2,2',3,4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 141 | 141 | |
| 2,2',3,4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 142 | 142 | X |
| 2,2',3,4,5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 143 | 143 | X |
| 2,2',3,4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 144 | 144 | X |
| 2,2',3,4,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 145 | 145 | |
| 2,2',3,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 146 | 146 | |
| 2,2',3,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 147 | 147 | |
| 2,2',3,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 148 | 148 | X |
| 2,2',3,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 149 | 149 | |
| 2,2',3,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 150 | 150 | |
| 2,2',3,5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 151 | 151 | X |
| 2,2',3,5,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 152 | 152 | X |
| 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 153 | 153 | X |
| 2,2',4,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 154 | 154 | |
| 2,2',4,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 155 | 155 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 156 | 156 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 157 | 157 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 158 | 158 | |
| 2,3,3',4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 159 | 159 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 160 | 160 | |

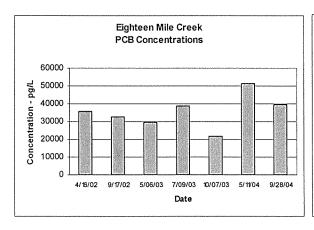
| DCB Congoner | BZ# | IUPAC# | EPA Lab Target Congeners |
|---|-----|--------|--------------------------|
| PCB Congener 2,3,3',4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 161 | 161 | 2002 - 2003 X |
| 2,3,3',4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 162 | 162 | ^ |
| 2,3,3',4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 163 | 163 | |
| 2,3,3',4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 164 | 164 | |
| 2,3,3',5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 165 | 165 | |
| 2,3,4,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 166 | 166 | Χ |
| 2,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 167 | 167 | X |
| 2,3',4,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 168 | 168 | ^ |
| 3,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl | 169 | 169 | Χ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 170 | 170 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 171 | 171 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 172 | 172 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 172 | 173 | ^ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 174 | 174 | |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 175 | 175 | Х |
| 2,2',3,3',4,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 176 | 176 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5',6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 177 | 170 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 178 | 178 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 179 | 179 | X |
| | 180 | 180 | Λ |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 181 | 181 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 182 | 182 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 183 | 183 | Х |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 184 | 184 | ^ |
| 2,2',3,4,4',6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 185 | 185 | |
| 2,2',3,4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 186 | 186 | |
| 2,2',3,4,5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl 2,2',3,4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 187 | 187 | |
| • • • • | 188 | 188 | X |
| 2,2',3,4',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl 2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 189 | 189 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 190 | 190 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 191 | 191 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 192 | 192 | X |
| 2,3,3',4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl | 193 | 193 | |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 193 | 194 | Х |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6-Octachlorobiphenyl | 195 | 195 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 195 | 196 | X |
| | 197 | 197 | ^ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 197 | 197 | Х |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl | 201 | 199 | ^ |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 199 | 200 | Х |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 133 | 200 | ^ |

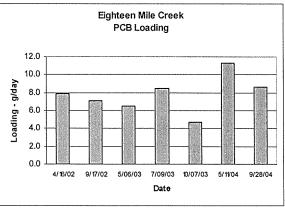
| | | | EPA Lab Target Congeners |
|--|-----|--------|--------------------------|
| PCB Congener | BZ# | IUPAC# | 2002 - 2003 |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 200 | 201 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',5,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 202 | 202 | X |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl | 203 | 203 | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl | 204 | 204 | X |
| 2,3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl | 205 | 205 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Nonachlorobiphenyl | 206 | 206 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl | 207 | 207 | X |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl | 208 | 208 | X |
| Dechachlorobiphenyl | 209 | 209 | X |



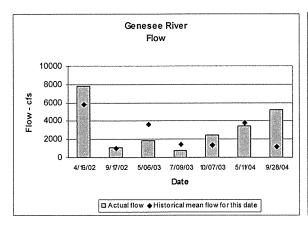


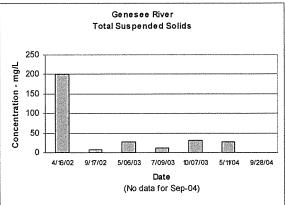


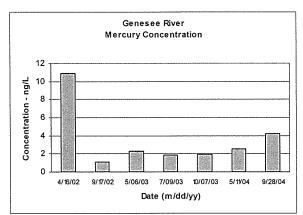


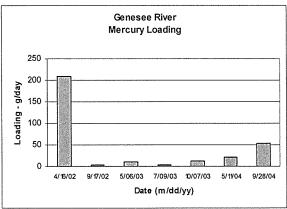


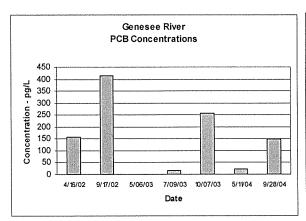
NOTE: There is no gage station on Eighteen Mile Creek. A fixed estimate of flow (90cfs) was used to calculate loadings. This causes loading bar graphs to exactly mirror concentration bar graphs.

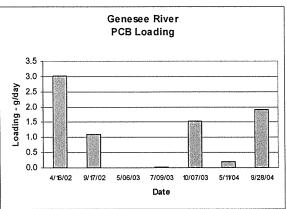


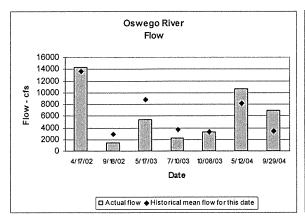


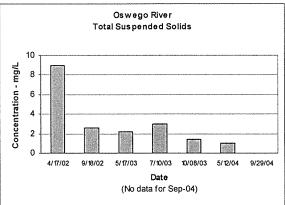


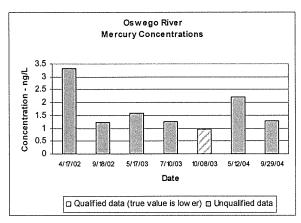


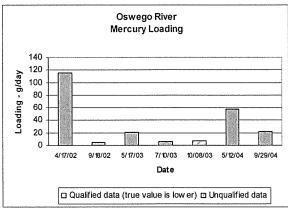


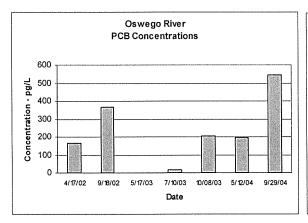


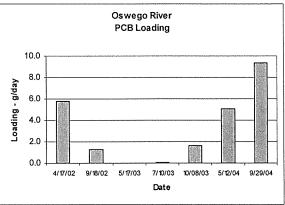


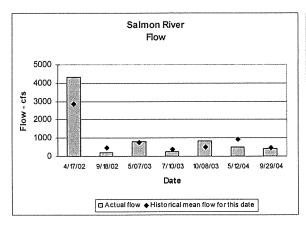


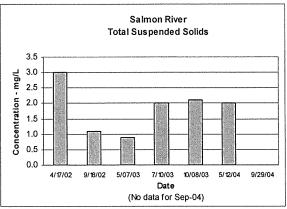


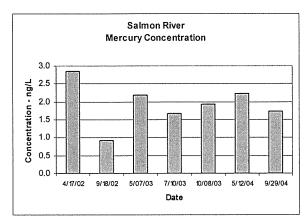


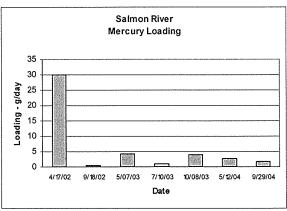


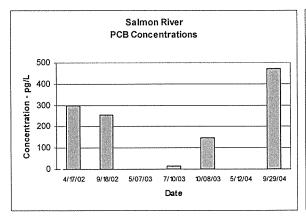


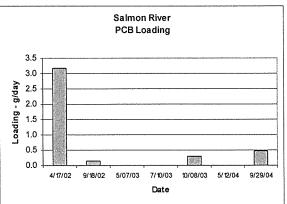


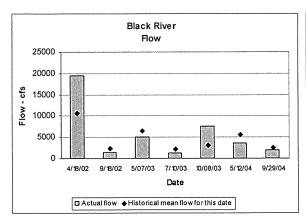


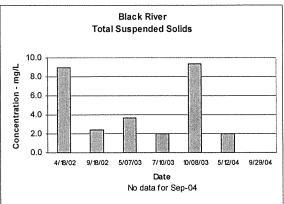


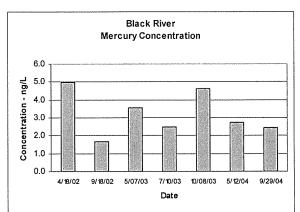


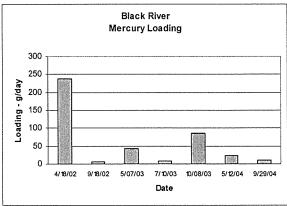


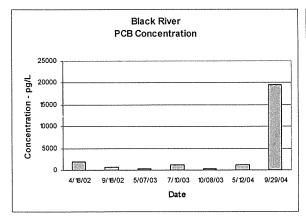


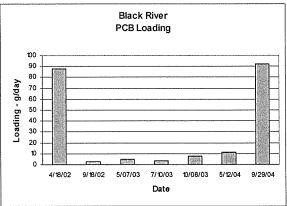












PCB Homolog Groups Eighteen Mile Creek 2002-2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 282 | 458 | 310 | 400 | 240 | 282 | 400 |
| Di CB | 5,803 | 8,565 | 1,420 | 10,505 | 6,270 | 8,222 | 9,340 |
| Tri CB | 10,104 | 12,297 | 9,670 | 12,890 | 7,770 | 19,059 | 17,080 |
| Tetra CB | 11,659 | 8,371 | 9,036 | 10,560 | 5,140 | 18,029 | 10,092 |
| Penta CB | 6,714 | 2,618 | 7,388 | 4,057 | 1,987 | 5,356 | 2,473 |
| Hexa CB | 979 | 81 | 1,370 | 222 | 72 | 212 | 98 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 44 | 217 | 18 | 35 | 61 | 22 |
| Octa CB | 97 | 0 | 91 | 0 | 17 | 26 | 20 |
| Nona CB | 66 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 31 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 0 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 35,704 | 32,480 | 29,612 | 38,652 | 21,531 | 51,325 | 39,525 |

PCB Homolog Groups Genesee River 2002-2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Di CB | 0 | 241 | 0 | 0 | 116 | 22 | 31 |
| Tri CB | 0 | 44 | 0 | 15 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Tetra CB | 0 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Penta CB | 110 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 0 | 95 |
| Hexa CB | 18 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Octa CB | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Nona CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 157 | 414 | 0 | 15 | 256 | 22 | 149 |

PCB Homolog Groups Oswego River 2002-2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Di CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 16 |
| Tri CB | 0 | 35 | 0 | 17 | 11 | 110 | 26 |
| Tetra CB | 81 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 16 |
| Penta CB | 85 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 91 | 0 | 459 |
| Hexa CB | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 23 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Octa CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nona CB | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 166 | 366 | 0 | 17 | 203 | 193 | 540 |

PCB Homolog Groups Salmon River 2002-2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Di CB | 85 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 0 | 0 |
| Tri CB | 0 | 23 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| Tetra CB | 90 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| Penta CB | 113 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 315 |
| Hexa CB | 12 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Octa CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nona CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 300 | 257 | 0 | 13 | 149 | 0 | 473 |

PCB Homolog Groups Black River 2002-2004

| | Apr 02 | Sep 02 | May 03 | Jul 03 | Oct 03 | May 04 | Sep 04 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Mono CB | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Di CB | 584 | 365 | 270 | 418 | 203 | 461 | 1,160 |
| Tri CB | 467 | 209 | 155 | . 304 | 82 | 512 | 4,792 |
| Tetra CB | 469 | 119 | 0 | ³ 452 | 0 | 337 | 5,254 |
| Penta CB | 231 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 7,482 |
| Hexa CB | 9 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 707 |
| Hepta CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| Octa CB | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nona CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deca CB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| PCB | 1,849 | 760 | 425 | 1,174 | 417 | 1,309 | 19,486 |