REPORT CARD		CATEGORIES	GRADE	SUCCESSES & IMPROVEMENTS	CURRENT CONDITIONS	TREND	STEPS NEEDED FOR PROBLEM RESOLUTION
The Eighteenmile Creek Area of Concern Report Card was created by the Eighteenmile Creek Remedial Advisory Committee (RAC). The purpose of this Report Card is to give a brief overview of the health, improvements and current conditions of Eighteenmile Creek during 2012. The Eighteenmile Creek Watershed includes — the main branch of Eighteenmile Creek, Gulf Creek Tributary, East Branch of Eighteenmile Creek (Red Creek), and augmented flow from the NYS Erie Barge Canal.	WATER QUALITY	Overall Water Quality	C	 Agricultural Environmental Management Program has been deployed to document and prioritize water quality impairments. The State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Permit for the City of Lockport Wastewater Treatment Plant was modified and includes additional monitoring & reporting requirements. 	 The impact AOC is a Class B/C stream indicating that the primary use is contact recreation and fishing. NYSDEC monitors water quality through the Rotating Intensive Basin Study (RIBS) program and State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) program. Some pollutants (PCBs, heavy metals) are suspended in the water column and exceed water quality standards. 	*	 A citizen water quality campaign should be deployed within the watershed. Contaminated sediments within the watershed must be remediated. Annual "Clean-Sweep" events should continue to occur throughout the watershed. Unknown sources of impairments must be identified.
		Quality of Storm Water	C	• A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan has been added to the City of Lockport Wastewater Treatment Plants modified SPDES permit.	 5 Combined Sewer Overflow still discharge to the creek. During storm events, degraded water quality negatively impacts Olcott Beach along Lake Ontario, causing beach closures. 	\Rightarrow	 Remaining Combined Sewer Overflows must be eliminated. Continue to work with various partners to determine the sources which negatively impact Olcott Beach and the Lake.
Scientific data and research that was referenced during the development of this Report Card can be found at the Area of Concern website: WWW.EIGHTEENMILERAP.COM This Report Card offers six "indicators" related to the management of the creek's overall health. They are: 1) Water Quality; 2) Contamination; 3) Fish & Wildlife; 4) Public Access & Recreation; 5) Remedial Action Plan; and 6) Environmental Education & Public Involvement.	CONTAMINATION	Spills, Discharges & Leaching of Contaminants	C	 Regulatory programs and monitoring by NYSDEC help reduce inputs in the creek. 14 of 20 inactive hazardous waste sites have been sealed or remediated. 	 5 Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites in the watershed still have the potential to negatively impact the AOC. There are currently 5 facilities permitted to discharge wastewater to Eighteenmile Creek. 	\longleftrightarrow	 Continue to assist farms in the watershed via the NYS Agricultural Environmental Management (AEM) program. Continue to remediate Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites and other sources of contamination.
		Contaminated Sed- iment	D	 Eighteenmile Creek has been added to the National Priorities List (Federal Superfund). The entire creek downstream of the City of Lockport was added to the NYS Superfund List. A study assessing the use of Powdered Activated Carbon on Eighteenmile Creek sediments was conducted. Results are expected in 2013. 	 Sediments in the AOC exceed NYS standards for a variety of contaminants, including PCBs, lead, etc. Contaminated sediments within the watershed continue to influence the overall health of the AOC. A number of historic power generation structures present in the creek act as "sinks" for contaminated sediment. 	*	 Utilize Federal and State Superfund programs to address the current sediment contamination. Remediate all upstream sources of contamination, including the Eighteenmile Creek Corridor Site and Old Upper Mountain Road Site. Continue to identify new funding sources.
Each indicator has been further divided into several "sub-categories" to assess how specific concerns are being addressed. Each sub-category has been assigned a letter grade based upon past successes, current health conditions, and trends over the past few years. The last column identifies action steps or immediate concerns to be addressed in order to meet restoration targets for the Area of Concern. This Report Card will be updated annually.	FISH & WILDLIFE	Contaminant Levels in Fish & Wildlife	D	 A U.S. Geological Survey project is utilizing Tree Swallow surveys to identify contaminant exposure and reproductive problems in wildlife. Fish, wildlife and benthic populations were assessed to identify contaminant levels and the status of current Beneficial Use Impairments. 	 Fish consumption advisories exist for the AOC, upper watershed and Lake Ontario. PCBs in fish collected from the Creek are: 10 times greater than in fish collected from control sites; often exceeded the critical PCB tissue concentration for effects on fish and; great enough to possibly affect reproduction of fish-eating mammals 	⇔	 Remediate upstream sources and contaminated sediments. Continue to monitor contaminant levels in fish and wildlife in an attempt to establish trends and build upon baseline data. Determine the level of benthic population impairment based upon data collected in 2012.
		Fish & Wildlife Diversity & Pop- ulations	В	 The creek was stocked by NYSDEC in 2012 with 42,200 Chinook salmon. Fish & benthic populations were also inventoried in 2012. 	• Large concentrations of Coho and Chinook salmon and brown trout migrate from Lake Ontario each fall. The area also supports the natural reproduction of bass, northern pike and black crappie.	\longleftrightarrow	 Continue to support Olcott Pen Rearing Project. NYSDEC should continue is fish stocking program. Contaminated sediments affecting fish & wildlife require special attention.
BENEFICIAL USE IMPAIRMENTS 1) Fish & Wildlife Consumption - Impaired	PUBLIC ACCESS REMEDIAL ACTION RECREATION	Public Access to the Creek & Adjacent Areas	A	• Access to Eighteenmile Creek via Fisherman's Park continues to be maintained by the Town of Newfane.	 The AOC is accessible for anglers and general recreation activities from Fisherman's Park and Olcott Harbor. A majority of the creek is secluded by a steep ravine. 	*	Investigate options for public access improvements to the creek in the City and Town of Lockport, NY.
Delisting Targets → <i>Identified</i> 2) Degraded Benthic Populations - <i>Impaired</i> Delisting Targets → <i>Identified</i>		Aesthetics of the Creek & Adjacent Riparian Areas	В	• The Town of Newfane continually polices Fishermen's Park for trash and other debris.	 The Eighteenmile Creek Corridor is pristine to the naked eye, displaying no visual Beneficial Use Impairments. Some abandoned industrial sites are adjacent to the creek area. 	\leftrightarrow	 Continue with annual AOC "Clean-Sweep" events. Educate recreational users and encourage them to "Pitch-In" and promote a healthy creek ecosystem.
 3) Dredging Restrictions -Impaired Delisting Targets → Identified 4) Animal Reproductive Issues - Impaired Delisting Targets → Identified 		RAP Management	В	• In 2012, NCSWCD began a new 5 year work- plan which includes: continued coordination of all RAP initiatives development of new pro- jects; education and outreach activities and; various projects to assess current impairments.	 EPA Region 2 has funded Niagara County SWCD to oversee the Eighteenmile RAP through the end of 2016. New York AOCs have begun to collaborate as a group to identify common challenges and goals to AOC recovery. 	\longleftrightarrow	 Regular Status Reports and updates should continue to be completed. Grant fund acquisition should continue to be ongoing. Continue oversight of all AOC activities and projects.
5) Fish & Wildlife Populations - Impaired Delisting targets → Identified		RAC Management	В	The RAC continues to address various aspects of the Remedial Action Plan and has provided input on Federal and State Superfund designa- tion for the creek.	 The RAC is comprised of a diverse group of original members and representatives from newer interests. The RAC meets to discuss various aspects of the RAP and to explore new opportunities to de-list the AOC. 	*	 Focus on monitoring needs and protocols to effectively assess progress post remediation. Continue to assess the status of active BUIs. Utilize the updated Stage 2 RAP as a plan for the future.
TRENDS GRADING Conditions Improving A Excellent B Good	ENVIRONMENT EDUCATION	Public Awareness	A	 A social media campaign is ongoing which incorporates a website, 'Facebook'& other media. A number of student classes visit the AOC to learn about critical AOC issues. 	 Despite a fish consumption advisory, the AOC is visited by 12,000 anglers annually. Every year the AOC is utilized as an "outside classroom" for elementary, secondary and college level classes. 	\leftrightarrow	Continue to engage the public utilizing educational tools like the annual report card, various education events, internet map- ping database, AOC website, newsletters and press releases.
Conditions Unchanged C Fair D Poor F Failure	NMENTAL SATION	Watershed Stewardship	В	• 29 Cub Scouts participated in a "Clean-Sweep" of the AOC which yielded the collection of 75 lbs of trash from creek banks/riparian areas.	There is an increasing but still limited amount of participation from the public related to the AOC.	*	 Partner with sportsmen to promote AOC stewardship. Continue with annual AOC "Clean-Sweep" and education events to keep youth interested and active.

WHAT IS THE EIGHTEENMILE CREEK AREA OF CONCERN (AOC)?

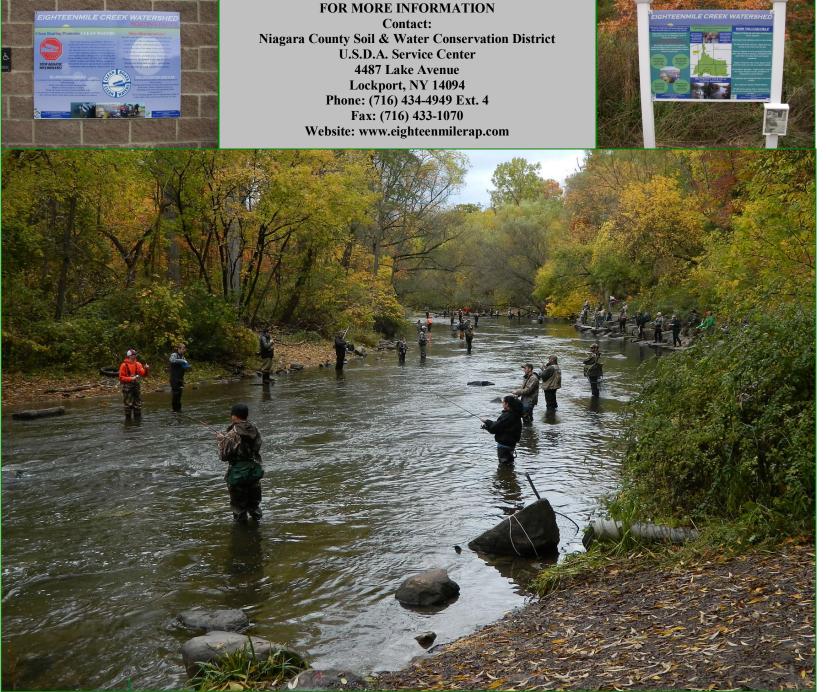
Local, state and federal officials identified a section of Eighteenmile Creek as one of 42 "Areas of Concern" (AOC) in the Great Lakes Basin. Eighteenmile Creek received this designation because of poor water quality and contaminated sediments present throughout the watershed. Eighteenmile Creek's long history of use by major industries in the area, especially near the City of Lockport and Town of Newfane, has played a large role in the present condition of the creek.

WHAT IS THE EIGHTEENMILE CREEK REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (RAP)?

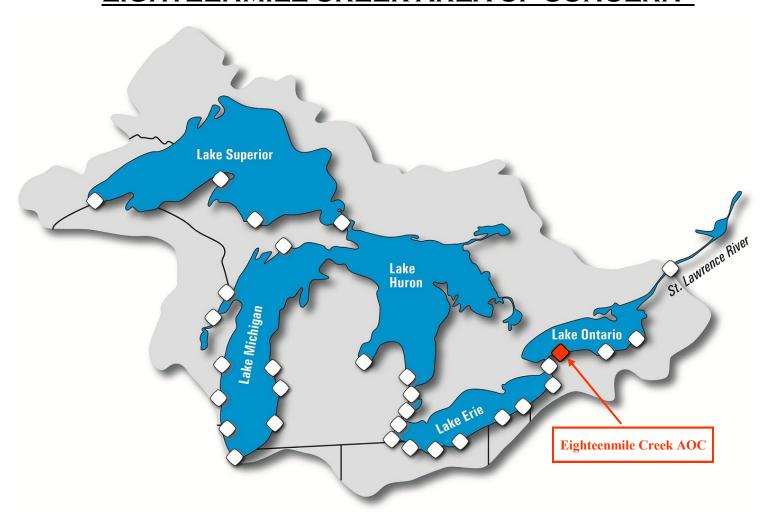
A RAP is an integrated, whole ecosystem approach to remediating impaired water bodies. The RAP first identifies use impairments, their causes, and contaminant sources, using existing studies and data. Next, existing cleanup and regulatory programs which apply to the water body are identified. A coordinated cleanup strategy is then developed to eliminate the use impairments. The NYS Department of Environmental Conservation produced the Stage 1/2 RAP in 1997 in an effort to restore the integrity of the creek's ecosystem.

WHAT IS THE EIGHTEENMILE CREEK REMEDIAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE (RAC)?

The Eighteenmile Creek RAC is comprised of a group of local, state and federal stakeholders, representing industries, organizations and local communities with a vested interest in the health of Eighteenmile Creek. The RAC is responsible for implementing the RAP, monitoring restoration efforts, and assessing ongoing needs and conditions. After a brief hiatus, the RAC reconvened in 2005 and is currently making progress in moving the RAP forward.



EIGHTEENMILE CREEK AREA OF CONCERN ----



2012 REPORT CARD -









A COMPILATION OF SUCCESSES, IMPROVEMENTS & CURRENT CONDITIONS







